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1923

Catalogue
OF

MAR 6 1923
U. S. Department of Agriculture

Berry Plants, Flower Plants, Vegetable Plants



PROGRESSIVE

Bears from June to November

HARRY L. SQUIRES, Hampton Bays, N. Y.
(Formerly Good Ground, N. Y.)

**IMPORTANT READ THE FOLLOWING
BEFORE ORDERING**

HOW TO ORDER. Send orders early. Remember that delays are always liable to occur on account of a rush of orders, bad weather, scarcity of help, and other causes. Write plainly your name, post office, county and state, and also give your shipping address if it is different from your post office address. State whether stock is to be shipped by mail or express. All orders will be promptly acknowledged.

PRICES in this catalogue abrogate all previous quotations. THE PRICES QUOTED ARE FOR THE QUANTITIES SPECIFIED OF A SINGLE VARIETY; BUT SIX, FIFTY, AND FIVE HUNDRED OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SUPPLIED AT THE DOZEN, HUNDRED, AND THOUSAND RATES RESPECTIVELY. LESS THAN SIX OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SOLD AT THE "EACH" RATE ONLY; LESS THAN FIFTY OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SOLD AT THE DOZEN RATE ONLY; AND LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SOLD AT THE HUNDRED RATE ONLY.

GUARANTEE. I warrant all stock to be true to name, with the explicit understanding that should any prove otherwise, I will refund the money paid, or replace it with other stock, but I am not liable for damages beyond this. I do not guarantee the crop, as too many conditions enter into the successful growing of any crop.

CLAIMS, if any, must be made immediately upon receipt of goods, when they will be carefully and cheerfully examined and, if just, all made satisfactory. Claims made after 5 days from receipt of goods will not be entertained.

TERMS OF PAYMENT. Invariably, cash in advance. Money may be sent by whatever method is most convenient.

PREPAID PRICES. As most people prefer to have plants shipped prepaid, so they will know what the total cost will be, I have quoted prepaid prices on nearly everything listed. At these prices, plants will be shipped prepaid to any part of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, and Ohio. Plants will be shipped at my option, by mail or express, whichever is least expensive, but when requested to do so, I will ship by mail 1,000 strawberry plants, 1,000 vegetable plants, 1,000 asparagus roots one and two years old, 300 raspberry or blackberry plants, and similar lots of other plants of about the same size. If you want large lots of plants sent by mail or if you live in a state not named above and want your plants sent by mail, you can order at the "Not prepaid" prices, and I will send them by mail C. O. D. for the postage, and you can thus pay the postage when you receive the plants. If you want plants shipped that way please specify in your order, "By mail C. O. D. for the postage." If, through error, an express shipment reaches you not prepaid, when you have ordered at prepaid prices, notify me at once, sending the express receipt, and I will send you the amount you have to pay for express charges.

SHIPPING. ALL STOCK IS SHIPPED AT PURCHASER'S RISK. It will be carefully packed and delivered at the post office or express office in good condition, but after that it is beyond my control and my responsibility ceases. No charge will be made for boxing and packing.

SHIPPING POINTS. Most stock is shipped from Hampton Bays, N. Y., but some is shipped from other points, and your order may be sent in more than one shipment. By ordering at the prepaid prices, all uncertainty as to transportation charges will be avoided, as you will have none to pay when the stock arrives. I advise you to order at the prepaid prices, for in many cases the amount I have added to cover transportation charges is much less than the actual cost will be.

SUBSTITUTION. It is my custom, should the supply of any variety become exhausted (which will sometimes occur), to send a similar variety. When it is desired that I shall not do this it must be stated in the order. To simply affix the words "No substitution" is all that is necessary.

BERRY PLANTS FOR SUMMER AND FALL PLANTING. Runner strawberry plants may be very successfully planted during September, October and November, and large numbers of them are planted at that time. I expect to have young plants ready about Sept. 1st. Pot-grown strawberry plants may be successfully planted

any time during the spring, summer and fall. I shall have pot-grown plants during the spring, and also from about August 10th until the ground freezes. Raspberry, Blackberry, Grape, Currant, Gooseberry and Loganberry plants may be planted in the fall, October and November being the best months for planting them.

WHEN TO PLANT FLOWER PLANTS AND SHRUBS. Hardy Perennial flower plants may be planted any time during the spring, summer and fall. If planted during the summer months, they should be kept well watered until they become well established. Annual flower plants may be planted any time during the spring and until mid-summer, most of them producing a good crop of blooms if planted even as late as August 1st. Shrubs and roses may be planted any time during the spring and fall. They may also be successfully planted during the summer, if kept well watered.

LARGE ASPARAGUS AND RHUBARB ROOTS FOR QUICK RESULTS. The large selected rhubarb and ten-year-old asparagus roots will produce a crop this season. Asparagus, rhubarb, and horseradish roots may be planted any time during the spring, summer and fall. Asparagus, rhubarb, and witloof chicory may be easily grown during the winter, by forcing the large roots in cellars and greenhouses. If you wish, I will send you a cultural leaflet, telling how to force them.

VARIETIES NOT LISTED. Should you need any kind or variety of plants not listed in this catalogue, I can probably get it for you, and shall be pleased to quote you prices.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS. Please note that the name of this town has been changed, and my address is now Hampton Bays, N. Y., instead of Good Ground, N. Y., as in the past.

REFERENCES. Center Moriches Bank, Center Moriches, N. Y., and The First National Bank, Southampton, N. Y.

STRAWBERRY CULTURE

The ground should be prepared the same as for other crops by plowing deeply and thoroughly pulverizing the surface. Almost any kind of fertilizer may be used, but stable manure and finely ground bone meal are among the best. The rows should be from three to four feet apart and the plants should be set from 12 to 18 inches apart in the row. Dip the plants in water before planting, and place them only as deeply in the soil as they stood before they were dug. Press the earth firmly about the roots. Cultivate and hoe them often. If possible, in late autumn, cover the strawberry bed with a mulch of salt-meadow hay, or stable manure, to a depth of about two inches. If set in rows three feet apart with the plants one foot apart in the row, an acre will require 14,520 plants. If set in rows three and a half feet apart with plants fifteen inches apart in the row, an acre will require 9,963 plants.

It is best to plant early, medium and late varieties, so as to have a long fruiting season; and by planting some of the Everbearing variety, you can have berries all during the summer and fall.

All varieties listed have perfect flowers and do not need the association of any other variety in order to be fruited.

STRAWBERRIES—Standard Varieties

Aroma. Very late. This is probably the latest and is certainly one of the very best varieties grown. It produces a very large crop of big fancy berries of the best quality. One of the best shipping varieties.

Brandywine. Medium late. Very vigorous and productive. Berries very large; dark red.

Chesapeake. Late. Nearly as late as Gandy, larger and just as firm, much more productive and without green tips. One of the fanciest varieties grown.

Early Ozark. Very early. Large and enormously productive.

Early Jersey Giant. Early. Large. One of the best early berries.

Gandy. Very late. Large and firm.

Glen Mary. Mid-season. A heavy yield-er of large fancy berries.

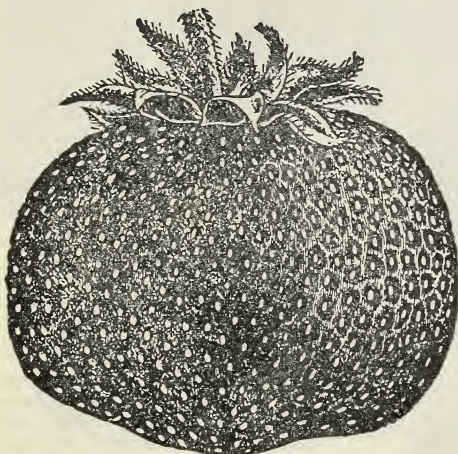
Howard. Medium early, and bears for a long time. Berries large, beautiful and of high quality. A vigorous grower. One of the very best varieties.

Joe Johnson or Big Joe. Late, ripening at the same time as the Chesapeake. Very large and wonderfully productive. In flavor it is one of the best; firm and a good shipper. Succeeds upon almost all soils and under all conditions.

STRAWBERRIES—Standard Varieties—Continued

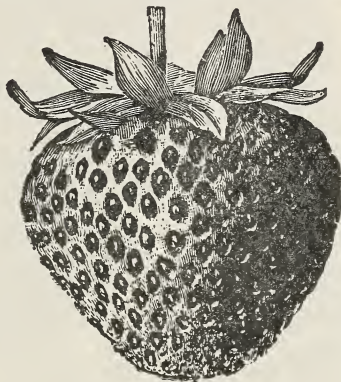
Kellogg's Premier. Very early. The best and most popular early strawberry. It is a vigorous grower and very productive. Berries are very large and bright red to the center. It is delicious in flavor and a splendid shipper. It has an unusually long fruiting season.

Marshall. Mid-season. One of the largest and most popular varieties. Extra good flavor.

**Ryckman**

Ryckman. Medium early. This variety is also known as Corsican, New York, Uncle Jim, Pride of Michigan, and Oswego. Berries are of the largest size, and unexcelled in sweetness and flavor. It is of very vigorous growth and bears tremendous crops of strictly fancy

fruit. It grows well on poor soils and is noted for producing good crops on the same ground for several years in succession. Sells for the highest prices on market. One of the most profitable and popular strawberries now grown.

**Senator Dunlap**

Senator Dunlap. Early to mid-season. One of the most profitable varieties. An extra strong grower and very productive. Berries dark red. Medium large.

William Belt. Mid-season. Considered by many to be the best flavored strawberry grown. It is certainly one of the most popular and one of the most extensively grown varieties. Berries are very large and deep crimson in color. It begins to ripen quite early and continues until almost the close of the season; the last berries being large, handsome and full flavored.

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

Everbearing strawberries are now extensively grown both for home use and for market. They bear steadily from early June until November. They have the finest flavor and sell readily at very high prices. The best variety is the Progressive.

PROGRESSIVE. Medium size. A vigorous grower and very productive. Plants bear fruit the same season they are planted. From 100 to 150 ripe berries, green berries and blossoms are often found at a time on a single plant. It has a rich wild strawberry flavor.

POT-GROWN STRAWBERRY PLANTS**FOR SPRING, SUMMER AND FALL PLANTING**

These are large, heavily rooted plants and are shipped with earth on the roots, just as they grow in the pots. They will reach you in a good growing condition and can be safely transplanted at any time, even in the hottest and driest weather, without any serious check to their growth. They will produce a good crop of the largest and finest berries next summer. While the first cost of pot-grown plants is somewhat greater than that of ordinary or runner plants, the advantages to be gained by planting the pot-grown are so great and many, there can be no comparison in value between them. I can supply pot-grown strawberry plants during the spring, and from about Aug. 10th until the ground freezes.

VARIETIES: RYCKMAN, PREMIER, CHESAPEAKE, HOWARD, GANDY, MARSHALL, EARLY OZARK.

RUNNER STRAWBERRY PLANTS

For September, October and November Planting

These are strong, well-rooted young plants grown from beds planted this season. They will be properly rooted and ready for transplanting about September 1 unless the weather should be very dry. The earliest of these plants will be shipped from Maryland and are extra good ones, being larger and better rooted at this time of year than plants grown in this latitude. There is a rapidly increasing demand for strawberry plants in September, and during the fall, and I usually sell more plants at that time than during the spring.

BLACKBERRIES



ELDORADO

Blowers. Mid-season. Very large and of superb quality. Enormously productive and very hardy. Has a long fruiting season.

Eldorado. Mid-season. Generally considered to be the best blackberry grown, both for home use and market. Berries are large, jet black and are especially noted for their sweetness and delicious flavor. It has never been known to winter kill, even in Northern Michigan and Wisconsin.

Snyder. Very early. Berries medium sized, very sweet and of delightful flavor. Hardy. Very popular on account of its high quality and early ripening.

LOGANBERRIES

This is not a raspberry nor a blackberry, but possesses properties of both these fruits. The berries are large and long, somewhat like certain varieties of the blackberry, but are deep crimson in color, rich, sprightly and refreshing, but unlike any other fruit in flavor; firm in texture and attractive in appearance. It is unique in every way and is highly prized by many. Ripens about July 1st.



CUMBERLAND

RASPBERRIES

Columbia. (Purple.) One of the most delicious and popular raspberries grown.

Cumberland. (Black.) Mid-season. One of the very largest raspberries. It is wonderfully productive, producing regularly very large crops. It is very firm and well adapted for long shipments. It is a strong grower, throwing up stout stocky canes, well adapted for supporting their loads of large fruit. (See cut on page 5).

Cuthbert. (Red.) Mid-season. Large, firm and of good flavor. Very productive.

Golden Queen. (Yellow.) Mid-season. A high-quality berry of large size; flavor sweet and pleasing.

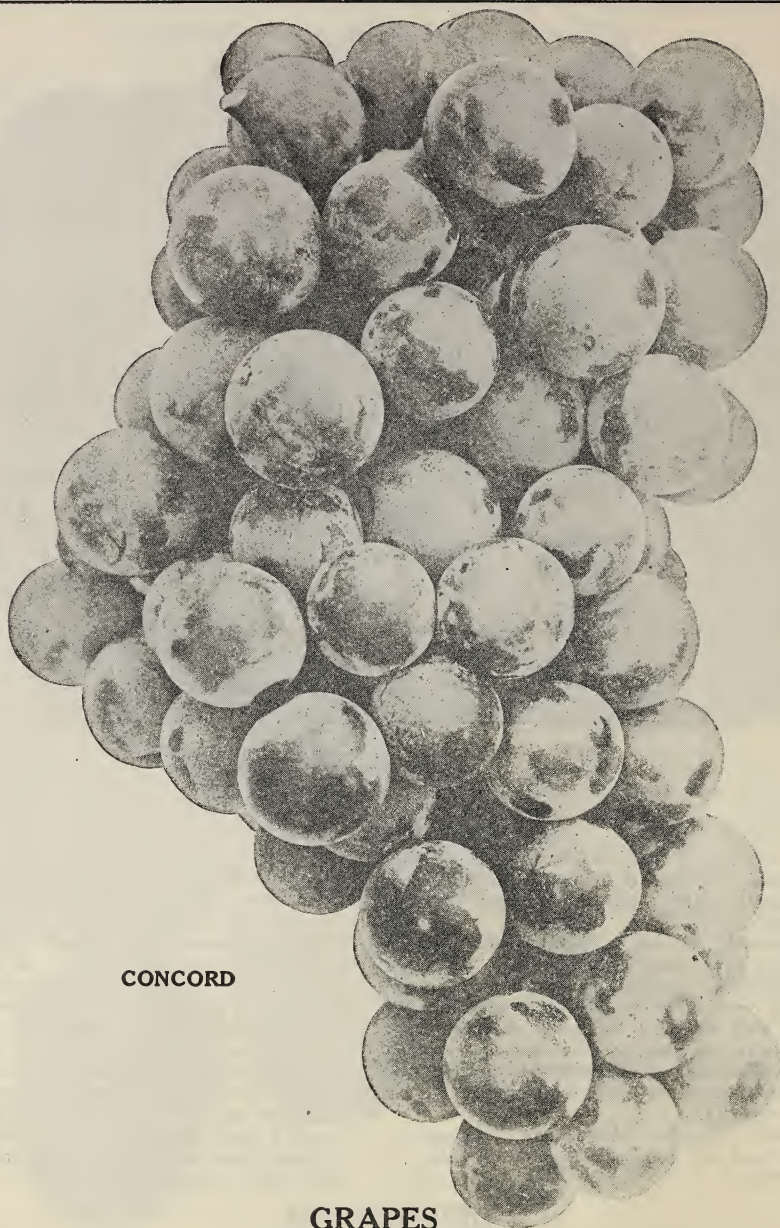
St. Regis Everbearing. (Red.) The most valuable raspberry grown. It is very early,—in advance of all other red varieties, and bears an immense crop during the regular raspberry season. In August, it begins to bear another crop which lasts until cold weather. Berries are bright crimson, large, rich, sugary, with full raspberry flavor; firm and a good shipper. It is a vigorous grower and very hardy. Begins bearing the same season it is planted.

DEWBERRIES

The Most Profitable Fruit Grown.

Dewberries are bringing big money and are said to be more profitable than any other fruit grown at the present time. Berries are very large, beautiful and of delicious flavor. They are earlier and larger than blackberries. Of slender trailing growth, and immensely productive. They should be planted about three feet apart. Most growers use short posts and a single wire on which the vines grow.

LUCRETIA. The leading variety. Much larger and incomparably better than any blackberry. Brightest glossy black.



CONCORD

GRAPES

Concord. (Black.) Mid-season. The best black grape. Cluster and berry very large. It has an exquisite flavor, is firm, keeps well and is a good shipper.

Catawba. (Red.) Late. The best red grape. Vigorous, hardy and productive. The bunch and berries are large; the flesh is juicy, pulpy and possesses a delightful sugary flavor. It is the last to ripen and the best keeper, lasting until March or later.

Delaware. (Red.) One of the very best for table use. Bunch and berries of medium size. The flavor is very sweet and delicious.

Diamond. (White.) Vine is hardy and very productive; bunch large and compact; berries large; flesh juicy and melting; flavor sweet and spicy.



Wilder

Niagara. (White). The standard white grape. Both bunch and berries are very large; flesh firm and juicy; flavor is of the very best, and does not resemble any other sort. The vine is hardy, vigorous, and extremely productive.

Worden. (Black). One of the very best black varieties. Bunch large and compact; berries very large; flavor delightfully sweet. Makes excellent grape-juice or sherbet.

CURRENTS

Wilder. (Red.) The best red currant. Berries large and juicy; flavor mild and spicy. It is a vigorous grower, has a long fruiting season, and keeps well.

White Grape. (White.) The best white currant. Clusters are long; berries large; flavor mild and delicious.

GOOSEBERRIES

Downing. (White.) Considered the best gooseberry. The fruit is large; flesh soft, juicy and tender; flavor just barely sour; quality good. Equally valuable for table use or market.

Houghton. (Red.) One of the old favorites. The berries, while medium in size, are of very fine quality and highly flavored.



Downing

BERRY BASKETS

I can supply quart and pint berry baskets, in 1,000 lots, shipped from the factory in Western New York. Ask for prices.

BOOKS FOR BERRY GROWERS

"THE SMALL FRUIT CULTURIST," by Andrew S. Fuller. This book covers the whole ground of propagating berries and other small fruits, their culture, varieties, packing for market, etc. It is equally adapted to the needs of the private cultivator and the market grower, and is a recognized authority. The book is finely and thoroughly illustrated. 5x7 inches, 287 pages, cloth. Postpaid, \$2.75.

"STRAWBERRY CULTURIST," by Andrew S. Fuller. A book thoroughly covering the subject of successful strawberry growing. Illustrated. 5x7 inches, 60 pages, flexible cloth. Postpaid, 90c.

FERTILIZER FOR BERRIES, VEGETABLES AND FLOWERS

BONEMEAL. This is one of the very best and safest fertilizers. It is especially recommended for strawberries, but is just as good for all kinds of berries, vegetables and flowers. It enriches the soil the second year as well as the first. It will not burn or injure young and tender plants, and is therefore an ideal fertilizer for flowers and all kinds of young plants. It contains both nitrogen and phosphoric acid. It can be kept on hand for a long time as it does not lose its value by being stored. It can be used at the rate of a quarter-pound to the square yard, as a top dressing to be harrowed or raked into the soil. Price, \$5.00 per 100 lbs.; \$24.00 per 500 lbs.; \$45.00 per 1,000 lbs.; \$85.00 per ton.

Plantville, Conn.,
May 10, 1922.

Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Hampton Bays, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

I received my strawberry plants Monday noon, all in fine condition. Set them out and they look fine. Found a few over the three hundred ordered, for which I thank you,—also for packing them so well.

Very truly,
MRS. F. C. TURNER.

Apr. 17, 1922.
Little Ferry, N. J.,

Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Hampton Bays, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

Plants received in good condition. Thanking you for prompt delivery, I am

Yours truly,

C. COLEMAN.

Saco, Maine, Sept. 11, 1922.

Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Hampton Bays, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

The 500 Bonny Best tomato plants I purchased of you last spring, gave a yield of slightly over 300 bushels. Never had plants produce so much fruit as those did.

Respectfully,

F. L. GILE.

Brookfield, Conn.,
Apr. 10, 1922.

Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Hampton Bays, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

My strawberry plants arrived safely and I find them in first class condition, for which please accept my thanks.

Respectfully,
FRED WOOD.

R. D. 5, Lancaster, Pa.,
March 30, 1922.

Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Hampton Bays, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

Thank you for shipment of finest asparagus roots I have ever seen. I am glad to know of your nursery. A professor of our State College, lecturing here, recommended your nursery.

Very truly yours,

MRS. MARY W. HAGER.

Northport, N. Y.,
May 11, 1922.

Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Hampton Bays, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

The plants arrived to-day and were in fine shape. The Cumberland raspberry plants were as good plants as I ever saw and far better than a great many plants I have received from others.

Yours truly,

HENRY R. BALL.

VEGETABLE PLANTS

From early spring till fall, I can supply, in large or small lots, leading varieties of Cabbage, Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts, Tomato, Sweet Potato, Beet, Celery, Egg, Pepper, Leek, Lettuce, Kale, Onion, Parsley and several other kinds of vegetable plants. These plants are packed so they can be shipped safely for long distances, either by mail or express. Each year, I ship them to nearly every state in the Union. Mail shipment is more satisfactory than express. For names of varieties see price list.

GARDEN ROOTS AND HERBS

Asparagus

Asparagus Culture. Asparagus is one of the most delicious and profitable crops grown, and its culture is very simple. Set plants from one to two feet apart in rows three feet apart. Plant five inches below surface. Cover with two inches of earth, filling in balance to a level later in summer. Asparagus may also be forced in the cellar during winter by planting large roots. Leaflet on "Growing Asparagus and Rhubarb in the Cellar during winter" will be sent free to each customer buying roots.

Palmetto. Stalks of large size, attractive, rich and tender. Free from rust or blight. Yields a heavy crop at an early age. More extensively grown than any other variety.

Argenteuil. Very similar to Palmetto.

Washington. A new variety; large, tender and of extra good quality; free from rust.

Rhubarb

Rhubarb Culture. Plant in rows four feet apart with plants two feet apart in row, and the crown one inch below surface. May be planted any time during the spring, summer or fall. By planting roots of forcing size, it may be easily grown in the cellar during winter.

Myatt's Linnaeus. Early, productive, large and tender. Requires less sugar than other sorts.

Sage and Thyme

Two well known plants, the leaves of which are much used for seasoning.

Horseradish

Horseradish Culture. Plant roots one foot apart in the row, with rows three feet apart.

Bohemian or Maliner Kren. The large white variety.

Hops

Easily and quickly grown, attaining a height of 20 feet, if given support. Has abundant ornamental, deeply lobed foliage, and bears large clusters of yellow-green hops, in such profusion as to completely envelop the plant in late summer and early autumn.

Mint

SPEARMINT. The variety that produces the mint of the markets and largely used for culinary purposes.

Sweet Lavender, Sweet Rosemary, and Sweet Marjoram

These are all well-known plants and need no description. Lavender is mostly grown for its sweet scented flowers, while Marjoram and Rosemary are used for seasoning.

Witloof Chicory or French Endive

These roots produce a delicious and very popular winter salad. They are forced in the cellar or greenhouse during the winter, the same as asparagus and rhubarb.

FLOWER PLANTS AND BULBS

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS

Plants of the varieties named below will be ready all during the spring, summer and fall.



AQUILEGIA

ACHILLEA. (Milfoil)

Ptarmica Fl. Pl. (The Pearl). 12 to 18 inches. Clusters of white, perfectly double flowers all summer. Excellent for cutting.

ALYSSUM.

Saxatile Compactum (Basket of Gold). 9 inches. Broad masses of bright yellow flowers in early spring, so numerous as to envelop the plant; and small, pretty glaucous leaves. An excellent plant for the rockery or front of borders.

ANCHUSA.

Italica, *Dropmore* (Heavenly Blue Flower). 3 to 4 ft. Tall spikes of beautiful blue flowers, blooming all summer. Rough, broad foliage. For producing a mass effect of brilliant blue, the *Anchusa* cannot be surpassed.

ANTHEMIS. (Chamomile)

Tinctoria (Golden Marguerite). 2 ft. Handsome, finely cut foliage, and large, golden yellow flowers produced all summer. Succeeds in the poorest soil.

AQUILEGIA. (Columbine)

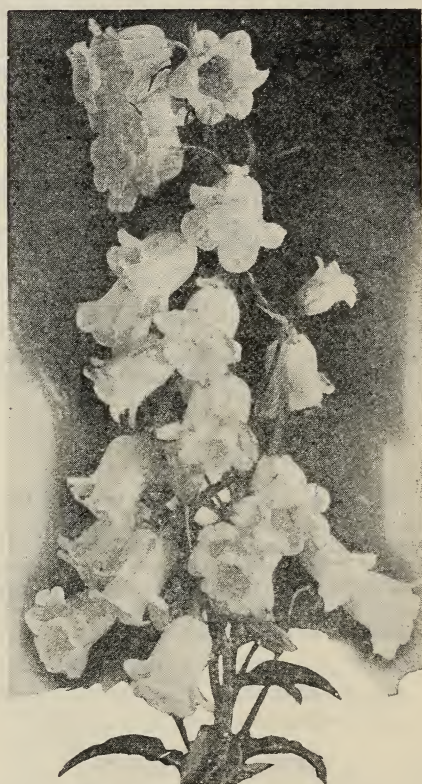
Long Spurred Hybrids. 2 ft. The finest of the Columbines. As a cut-flower they are the daintiest of the outdoor grown flowers. They come in blues, whites, yellows, and shades of pink and rose, the flowers of each plant being different from all the others. Long, slender stems. They flower for a long period during late spring and summer.

BELLIS. (Double English Daisy)

Mixed. Of low growth. Blooms very early in the spring and continues to bloom all summer and fall. Double white and rose-colored flowers.

BOCCONIA. (Plume Poppy)

Cordata. A stately hardy plant, beautiful in foliage and flower, producing large terminal spikes of cream-colored flowers, on stems 6 to 8 feet high.



CANTERBURY BELLS

(For description see page 11)

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS—Continued**CANTERBURY BELLS.** (*Campanula Medium*)

Mixed. An old favorite, known also as Cup and Saucer. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, and blooms incessantly through July and August, with a marvelous profusion of lovely bell-shaped flowers of many different colors.

CENTAUREA. (*Perennial Cornflower*)

Montana. 2 ft. A very useful plant of the easiest culture. During July, August and September it produces large violet-blue fringe-like flowers.

CHRYSANthemum, HARDY

3 to 4 ft. These are perfectly hardy for outdoor planting, and will yield a great profusion of beautiful blooms late in the season when other flowers have been destroyed by frost.

Boston. Large-flowered. Terra cotta; extra fine.

Excelsior. Large-flowered. Clear yellow. Mrs. H. Harrison. Pompon. Beautiful blush. One of the hardiest.

Jules Lagravere. Large-flowered. Deep garnet. One of the finest ever introduced.

Golden Climax. Pompon. Orange yellow. Very attractive.

Queen of Whites. Large-flowered. Creamy white.

COREOPSIS.

Grandiflora. 2 to 3 feet. An improved variety with large, bright yellow flowers. One of the best hardy plants. Fine for cut-flowers.

DELPHINIUM. (*Hardy Larkspur*)

Belladonna. 2 ft. Light sky blue. This is the best blue cut flower, is perfectly hardy, and blooms freely and continuously from early July till late autumn.

DICENTRA. (*Bleeding Heart*)

Eximea. A dwarf-growing sort, with beautiful finely cut foliage and showy racemes of pretty pink flowers. Blooms throughout the summer, is perfectly hardy, and grows equally well in shade or full sunlight. It is said to have the most beautiful foliage of any border plant grown.

DIGITALIS. (*Foxglove*)

Gloxinaeflora. 3 to 4 ft. A large-flowered form of the old-fashioned foxglove. The large tubular flowers are thickly clustered on tall spikes and are produced in great profusion during June, July and August,—the colors ranging from purple to white, with throats variously spotted and colored. Mixed colors.

GAILLARDIA.**(Blanket Flower)**

Grandiflora. 2 to 3 ft. Unequalled for rich and continuous display of bloom, from early June until freezing weather. The flowers are held on long, strong stems and are of unique forms. The prevailing colors are bright golden yellow and rich reddish brown, sporting into every imaginable shade and tint; though most of them have reddish chocolate center, with rings of crimson, maroon, orange or vermillion, and deeply tipped with orange, yellow or lemon.

**GAILLARDIA****GYPSOPHILA.** (*Baby's Breath*)

Paniculata. When in bloom in August and September, it forms a symmetrical mass 18 to 24 inches in height and as much through, of minute white flowers having a beautiful gauze-like appearance.

HIBISCUS. (*Mallow*)

Giant Mallow Marvels. 6 to 8 ft. These are indeed marvels of brilliancy and beauty. The large flowers, 8 to 10 inches in diameter, appear early in August and continue without intermission late in the fall. The blossoms are produced in great profusion and are fiery crimson, blood red, pink and white. Mixed colors. Can supply separate colors after July 15.

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS—Continued**HEMEROCALLIS. (Day Lily)**

2 to 3 feet. One of the most popular hardy flowers. The tall, graceful, grass-like foliage is very handsome and sets off the charming, lily-like flowers very effectively. Mixed colors,—yellow, orange-yellow, orange, coppery orange, etc.

HOLLYHOCK.

Double. 6 to 8 ft. These Hollyhocks are vastly superior to those grown a few years ago. They are not only much larger and more perfect in make-up, with pure, clear colors, but they are produced in far greater numbers and for a much longer season. I grow them in separate colors,—white, scarlet, maroon, yellow, pink, black,—also mixed.

GERMAN IRIS. (Fleur de Lis)

18 to 24 inches. One of the finest hardy plants, producing blooms that rival choice orchids in beauty of form, and exquisite colors. They flower with lavish profusion and are so hardy and sturdy they succeed with almost no care. They bloom in May and June.

Lohengrin. Standards and falls are soft mauve shading nearly to white.

Niebelungen. Standards fawn yellow; falls bluish-violet, with creamy white edge.

Velveteen. Standards yellowish-buff; falls intense blue.

Honorabilis. The most popular of all Iris. Standards beautiful golden yellow; falls rich mahogany brown. Very effective.

Gypsy Queen. Standards old gold, shaded pearl; falls dark maroon.

GOLDEN GLOW.

One of the most popular and best known everblooming hardy plants. It grows five to six feet high, is much-branched, and the upper portion is completely covered during July and August with large double, golden yellow flowers, on long stems suitable for cutting.

LATHYRUS. (Hardy Pea)

Everlasting Peas are but little known in this country but are great favorites in England. They are extremely beautiful and showy. It is a climbing plant, valuable for covering trellises, arbors, etc. Mixed colors, including white, deep rosy-red, and light cheerful rosy-carmine.

LILY OF THE VALLEY.

Large, luxuriant foliage and small bell-shaped, pure white flowers in pretty racemes in early summer; graceful and exquisitely fragrant. Especially appropriate and valuable for cemetery planting.

LUPINUS. (Lupine)

Polyphyllus. 3 ft. Finely cut foliage and large flowering spikes of pea-shaped deep blue flowers from June until September.

MYOSOTIS. (Forget-Me-Not)

Palustris. A lovely little hardy plant, with small pale blue flowers from early summer until late autumn.

PEONY.

Festiva Maxima. Pure white, with infrequent dashes of blood red at center. Flowers of great size; tall.

L'Indispensable. Enormous flowers of dainty lilac-pink, shading to darker pink at the center; tall grower.

Fragrans. Deep rose, large, full and very fragrant; a very free bloomer.

Marechal Vaillant (Grandiflora Rubra). Crimson globular flowers of great size.

PHLOX, HARDY.

Pacha. 2 to 3 ft. Rose-pink with red suffusion and crimson-purple eye.

Mrs. Jenkins. The best tall early white for massing.

Lumineaux. Bright rosy-crimson with carmine eye.

L'Esperance. Light lavender-pink with white center.

La Siecle. Light salmon-pink.

Miss Lingard. This grand free-flowering white variety is a universal favorite, coming into flower in May and blooming throughout the season. Probably the best of all the Phloxes.

Bacchante. Tyrian rose with crimson-scarlet eye.

La Vague. Pure mauve, with aniline-red eye.

PINK, HARDY. (Dianthus Plumaris)

Semperflorens (Everblooming Hardy Pink). 18 inches. Produces sweet-scented double, semi-double and single flowers in a great diversity of colors and in lavish profusion, all summer and autumn.

PLATYCODON (Japanese Bellflower)

Mariesi. Attractive foliage and dwarf habit. Produces a profusion of large, star-like flowers of intense dark blue, all summer.

ORIENTAL POPPY.

3 ft. Gorgeous beyond words to describe. The flowers are of intense crimson, are five to seven inches across and are freely produced during May and June on tall, strong stems. The light green silvery foliage is also most pleasing.

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS—Continued

ICELAND POPPY.

12 to 18 inches. From tufts of fern-like leaves, great numbers of flowers are thrown up on slender stems a foot long, from early June until October. The cup-shaped flowers are very pretty and vary in color from pure white to orange.

PYRETHRUM. (Painted Daisies)

Roseum Hybridum. 18 to 24 inches. Unsurpassed for refined beauty and attractive foliage. The flowers are remarkably graceful and the plants bloom continuously from early spring until autumn. The finely-cut foliage is highly pleasing. They bloom very freely and the blossoms are not injured by storm or sun. The flowers are of many colors, all very bright and pleasing.

RUDBECKIA. (Cone Flower)

Newmanii. Deep orange-yellow flowers, with a dark purple cone; long, wiry stems, 3 feet high; blooms all summer.

Purpurea. Peculiar reddish purple flowers, with a very large, brown, cone-shaped center. Blooms from July to October.

SALVIA, HARDY. (California)

(Blue Sage)

Azurea. 3 to 4 ft. A Rocky Mountain species. During August and September, the plants are covered with flowers of the most charming celestial blue. Very strong growing and very showy.

SWEET WILLIAM. (Dianthus Barbutus)

18 to 24 inches.

Great improvements have been made during recent years in this old-time favorite. The flowers, too, are not only larger, more brilliant and purer in color, with an endless variety of shades, but the clusters are larger, of more perfect form and are produced in the greatest profusion, completely covering the plants during June and July. They are delightfully fragrant and very good for cutting. Should be treated as biennials.

Scarlet Beauty. Bright scarlet.

Newport Pink. A pleasing water-melon pink; the finest of the Sweet Williams.

Mixed. Includes a large number of the finest varieties and colors.

TRITOMA (Flame Flower, Red Hot Poker or Torch Lily)

Pfitzeri. The early, free and continuous blooming qualities of this variety, has made it one of the great bedding plants. It throws up constantly, throughout the summer and autumn, stout stems from three to four feet high, crowned with large spikes or heads of a rich, vivid orange-scarlet; producing a gorgeous blaze of color when massed in beds or borders.

SHASTA DAISY. (Chrysanthemum

Maximum)

Grows 18 to 24 inches high. The flowers are pure white, with a bright yellow center, average 3 to 4 inches in diameter, and are borne on long, stiff, wiry stems. Valuable for cutting, remaining fresh for two weeks or more.

WALLFLOWER.

Mixed. 18 inches. An early-flowering perennial with gorgeous orange flowers. Charming in the dwarf border and on rockeries. Continues to bloom the whole season if the seed pods are removed.

YUCCA. (Adams Needle or Spanish

Bayonet)

Filamentosa. Unique, picturesque and very useful for grouping upon the lawn, in the perennial border, and for planting with shrubbery. Has long, sword-like evergreen leaves and during July it throws up stout flower stalks four to five feet high, with great panicles of large, drooping, lily-like creamy white flowers. It is entirely hardy and succeeds everywhere on all kinds of soil.



SWEET WILLIAM

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS—Continued

Plants of the varieties named below will be ready from about the middle of July until the ground freezes.

ANEMONE. (Windflower)

Coronaria. 18 inches. Mixed. There are but few flowers so refined and beautiful as these. They flower freely from August until frost and have attractive leafage. The large flowers which are mostly white and pink, are held erect on long stems.

CARNATION, HARDY.

Chabaud's Finest French. One of the finest hardy plants. Blooms from mid-summer until late fall, producing a great abundance of beautiful double flowers of many different colors. Very attractive and excellent for cut-flowers.

CAMPANULA. (Bellflower)

Persicifolia Grandiflora (Peach Bells). 18 inches. Of erect habit, producing large, bright blue, bell-shaped flowers, on slender, graceful stems. It flowers freely throughout the summer months.

EUPATORIUM. (Hardy Ageratum)

Coelestinum. 2 ft. A strong, thrifty plant, that is covered with rich blue flowers from early August until late October. Good for cutting.

BAPTISTIA. (False Indigo)

Australis. 3 ft. A stately species with dark green leaves and many large spikes of showy dark blue flowers in summer.

GEUM.

Coccineum (Mrs. Bradshaw). 18 inches. A splendid new variety, with large double flowers of a fiery red, blooming nearly all summer. Very attractive

HONESTY. (Satin Flower)

Lunaria. A very attractive hardy plant, highly prized for its curious, attractive, silvery white and violet seed pouches; much used for winter decorations. Mixed colors.

HELENIUM.

Autumnale Rubrum. 5 to 6 ft. Handsome plants of the easiest culture, forming dense masses of deep-blood-red blooms, changing to terra cotta. Late summer and autumn.

HELIANTHUS. (Hardy Sunflower)

Mixed. 5 to 7 ft. Popular strong-growing plants that grow well everywhere; of easiest culture and very free flowering. Excellent for the background of borders and for planting with shrubbery. Large yellow flowers, some double, some single, and some having the appearance of fine Cactus Dahlias.

LYCHNIS. (Maltese Cross)

Chalcedonica. 3 ft. A fine old garden flower with close heads of brilliant scarlet flowers, and dark-green foliage. Showy and useful for cutting. Blooms all summer.

PENSTEMON.

Barbatus. 3 to 4 ft. One of the finest perennials. Produces long spikes of bright scarlet flowers in June and July. Fine for cutting, and very attractive.

MONARDA OR BERGAMOT.

Cambridge Scarlet. 2 to 3 ft. Large heads of intense rich crimson-scarlet flowers in great numbers, forming a gorgeous mass of bloom. It flowers all summer.

PARDANTHUS.

Chinensis (Blackberry Lily). 3 to 4 ft. An interesting plant bearing great numbers of lily-like flowers of rich orange-yellow thickly spotted with dark crimson and brown. The seed pods burst open, exposing clusters of seeds which greatly resemble ripe blackberries.

PHYSOSTEGIA. (Dragonhead)

Virginica. 3 to 4 ft. Forms large clumps, bearing long spikes of delicate pink flowers, tubular in form, during July, August, and September.

SCABIOSA. (Blue Bonnet)

Caucasia. The flowers are a soft lavender and are borne on strong stems, 15 to 18 inches tall, from June to September. A very handsome and hardy perennial; one of the best for cutting and remains in good condition for a long time.

STATICE. (Sea Lavender)

Latifolia. A very valuable plant either for the border or rockery, with tufts of leathery leaves and immense candlebra-like heads, frequently 1½ feet high and 2 feet across, of purplish-blue minute flowers during July and August. These, if cut and dried, last in perfect condition for months.

STOKESIA. (Stokes Aster)

Cyanea. 18 to 24 inches. Blooms from July till late in October. One of the most charming and beautiful native hardy plants. Its beautiful centaurea-like flowers, of a delicate lavender-blue color, and four or five inches in diameter, are produced freely and are highly prized for cutting.

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS—Continued

VALERIANA. (Valerian)

Officinalis (Hardy Garden Heliotrope). 2 ft. During June and July bears great numbers of large flower heads of small, light pink flowers, having the delicious odor of the Heliotrope.

VERONICA. (Speedwell)

Spicata. 2 ft. A very attractive plant. Produces in July and August a great number of deep blue flowers on long spikes.

VIOLA. (Tufted Pansy or Tufted

Violet)

Cornuta. Mixed colors. This is the very best edging plant for the hardy border or garden, for, if properly cared for, these plants remain in full bloom from May until October, but, to keep them blooming, the flowers must be cut before they go to seed.

FLOWER BULBS

DAHLIA

Oregon Beauty (Decorative). Flowers are large and full to the center. Color, a glowing fiery scarlet. Long stems.

C. W. Bruton (Decorative). Canary-yellow, long stemmed, large flowers. Free flowering.

Pink Pearl (Cactus). Full, perfect form, with blunt quills, slightly waved. Lilac pink with lighter tips and aureole.

Souvenir de Gustav Doazon (Decorative). One of the largest dahlias in existence. A pleasing shade of orange red. Flowers are very full and often measure 9 to 12 inches in diameter. Very long stems.

Mrs. Chas. Turner (Cactus). Large sulphur-yellow blooms. One of the finest.

Floral Park Jewel (Show). Dark red and white variegated. Very pretty. Has long stems and is valuable for cut-flowers.

The ten following named Dahlias are among the largest, most attractive and most popular varieties now grown.

D. M. Moore (Decorative). One of the best very dark varieties. It is a rich, velvety shade of deep maroon, and the nearest approach to black of any dahlia grown. A mammoth flower produced in profusion on long, stiff stems. One of the most popular.

George Walters (Hybrid Cactus). This is one of the most wonderful Dahlias ever offered. It is of exquisite coloring, being a bright salmon pink, artistically suffused with old gold. It is the largest Hybrid Cactus ever introduced. The flowers are borne on long, stiff, wiry stems, well above the foliage. It won a gold medal for best single flower in one of the largest flower shows in 1917.

Tom Lundy (Hybrid Cactus). One of the very largest and finest Hybrid Cactus Dahlias. Plants are tall, sturdy growers, producing their enormous flowers well above the foliage. In color, a beautiful dark velvety red; by far the finest of the color up to date. Flowers from six to ten inches in diameter, produced abundantly.

Pierrot (Incurved Cactus). A unique and striking novelty in color, of unusual grace and refinement of form, being composed of very long tubular narrow petals, which are of a deep amber or orange-buff color, occasionally showing white tips. One of the most attractive.

Bianca (Cactus). A new Cactus Dahlia of large size and splendid form. Coloring is beautiful rose-lilac with white shadings and bloom is held perfectly erect on strong, stiff stems. Free-flowing. An early and continuous bloomer.

Le Grand Manitou (Decorative). The color of this superb variety is pure white, artistically striped, splashed and blotched deep violet purple. The plants occasionally bear a solid purple-colored flower. The effect of these phenomenal flowers is most pleasing.

Madonna (Decorative). One of the very largest and best Dahlias, and an excellent cut-flower variety. The flowers are borne in a miraculous profusion, upon long graceful stems of wiry stiffness, making it one of the most desirable. In color, it is a very beautiful white, very slightly tipped with a most delicate shade of lavender-pink. The form is perfectly original, each petal curling and twisting in a very pleasing manner.

FLOWER BULBS—Continued

DAHLIA—Continued

Yellow King (Hybrid Cactus). Another Gigantic Hybrid Cactus, splendid for cutting. A fine, pure yellow, passing to a lighter shade at the tips. The stems are long, stiff and upstanding. The plant is a vigorous grower and an early, prolific bloomer.

Attraction (Hybrid Cactus). Large, elegant, full flower, of a clear, lilac-rose. The habit is perfect, with long strong stems holding the bloom stiff and upright. A very attractive variety.

Mina Burgle (Decorative). One of the very best of this class. The flowers are of gigantic size and remarkable beauty. Color, a glowing and most brilliant scarlet. Flowers are borne upon long wiry stems well above the foliage. Attracts universal attention.

GLADIOLUS

America. The most popular of all varieties. Gigantic flowers of clear lavender-pink.

Schwaben. This striking new Gladiolus is a pure canary-yellow, shading to soft sulphur-yellow when opening; the deep golden-yellow center is blotched with brilliant brownish carmine.

War. Large, blood-red; considered a very pleasing shade and makes a fine contrast with the light colored sorts.

Niagara. A wonderful new Gladiolus of sterling quality. The flowers are a delightful cream shade, with the two lower petals daintily marked canary-yellow. The throat is attractively splashed with rich carmine. The stamens are purple, and the stigmas pale carmine.

Mrs. Watt. One of the most attractive varieties grown; a glowing wine-crimson. One of the choicest newer varieties.

GLADIOLUS—Continued

Empress of India. One of the very finest; of gigantic size and beautiful rich, dark mahogany-red color.

Halley. A most attractive early blooming sort, with large, well-opened flowers of a delicate salmon-pink.

CANNA

King Humbert. This is the grandest Canna now grown. The large heart-shaped leaves are purple-madder brown over bronze. The plants are crowned with immense heads of orchid-like flowers, measuring from six to eight inches across; velvety orange-scarlet, rose-tinted and margined at the base; grows four to five feet high.

Yellow King Humbert or Queen Helene. Similar to King Humbert in habit of growth and flowering. Produces showy flowers of yellow, attractively dotted with red. Green foliage. 4 to 5 ft.

TULIP

For Fall Planting

Darwin. A mixture of many choice varieties and colors.

Single Early. A mixture of many choice varieties and colors.

HYACINTH

For Fall Planting.

Single Mixed. Many varieties and colors.

Double Mixed. Many varieties and colors.

NARCISSUS

For Fall Planting

Giant Trumpet. Mixed.

CROCUS

For Fall Planting

Mixed varieties.

POTTED FLOWER PLANTS

BEGONIAS, TUBEROUS-ROOTED

This charming class of Begonias is probably the handsomest of all summer-flowering tuberous-rooted plants. Improvements made in recent years in size, texture, and coloring are really phenomenal, with flowers measuring from four to six inches across, and colors ranging from the purest white and the most delicate tints of pink, yellow and orange, to the most intense scarlet and richest crimson. They grow best when planted in shade or partial shade, therefore the north side of a house or other building is an ideal place for them. As pot plants for conservatory or veranda, they are unrivalled. They grow from 12 to 18 inches high and as much across, and are nearly covered with the large richly-colored blooms from early summer until frost,

both plants and blooms becoming larger as the season advances. I can supply pot-grown plants any time during the summer after June 1st, in separate colors as follows: Yellow, Orange, Scarlet, Deep Rose, Pink, White, Cerise Red, Salmon, and Bronze. Can also supply the bulbs in the spring. Plants will be shipped in small pots.

GERANIUMS.

Three of the Most Popular Double Varieties.

Alphonse Ricard. Bright orange-red. Trusses very large.

Beaute Poitevine. Bright salmon-pink, delicately shading to white.

S. A. Nutt. Brilliant deep blood-red, with maroon shadings. Rather tall; vigorous grower. Truss large. One of the finest bloomers.

ANNUAL FLOWERS

ASTER.

Late-Branching. Mixed colors, including azure-blue, dark violet, crimson, dark blue, lavender, invincible pink, shell-pink, peach blossom, purple, scarlet, rose-pink, rosy carmine, and white.

Queen of the Market. Very early bloomers. Mixed colors, including crimson, lavender, shell-pink, rose-pink, purple, scarlet, dark blue, white, and light-blue.

AGERATUM.

Has pretty, brush-like flowers, produced in clusters, constantly, all summer. Excellent for bedding or cut-flowers.

Mexicanum. 2 ft. A soft lavender-blue.

BEGONIA.

Bedding. Mixed. The bushy plants are literally covered with flowers which droop gracefully in large panicles. Beautiful glossy foliage. Flowers are white, rich coral-pink, white margined with carmine-rose, deep red, and intense fiery scarlet. One of the most popular annuals. May be grown in pots in winter, also.

SNAPDRAGON. (*Antirrhinum*)

One of the most popular flowers; easily grown, and producing flowers profusely all during the summer and fall. As a cut-flower, few annuals equal in brilliancy of color and beauty, the glorious spikes of the Snapdragon. The wide range of shadings, beginning with pure white and running through yellow, amber, salmon, pink and rose, to very rich scarlet, orange-scarlet, and maroon colors, has the admiration of all.

Giant-flowered. Mixed colors. 2 to 3 ft.

CALENDULA. (*Scotch Marigold*)

One of the best and showiest free-flowering annuals. Will grow in any soil and are valuable for pot culture, blooming in the winter and early spring. Flowers large and double.

Orange King. A beautiful rich orange. 18 inches.



ASTERS

COSMOS.

Robust plants of bushy growth and beautiful foliage, five to six feet high, covered with hundreds of showy flowers.

Giant Early-Flowering. Blooms early in the summer and continues to bloom until fall. Mixed colors, including crimson, rose and white.

Giant Late-Flowering. Blooms in the fall. Mixed colors, including crimson, rose, and white.

LARKSPUR, ANNUAL.

These beautiful annuals bloom very freely and produce large spikes of long-keeping flowers,—white, pink, rose, light blue, dark blue, and violet. The beautiful plume-like foliage is very ornamental, and they are excellent for bouquets and table decorations.

Tall Double. 2 ft. Mixed colors.

KOCHIA. (*Summer Cypress* or *Firebush*)

Trichophylla. A very attractive and popular foliage or hedge plant. It grows about three feet high, with many slender branches pressed close to the main stem, and resembles a small, closely-sheared evergreen, the slender foliage being a light green. In September, the whole plant becomes a solid mass of bright scarlet, thereby earning the name Firebush.

ANNUAL FLOWERS—Continued

PANSY.

Giant-Flowering, Mixed. This vigorous and compact-growing class of Pansies leads all others in size, color and beauty of flower. The flowers are very large, some measuring three inches in diameter. Flowers are thrown well above the foliage and are beautifully marked with brilliant colors. This mixture includes many choice varieties and colors.

PETUNIA.

No bedding plants make a more pleasing display than Petunias. The distinct colors and markings make a brilliant show. The plants make a strong growth, 18 to 24 inches high, and bloom steadily and profusely from early June till frost. Those named below are single-flowered Bedding Petunias.

Rosy Morn. One of the most popular. Dainty soft carmine-pink; white throat; fine for border.

Mixed. Includes many varieties and colors.

PHLOX, ANNUAL.

One of the most brilliant and beautiful annual flowers. It grows quickly, commences to bloom very early in the summer, and blooms continuously until fall. It is especially valuable for bedding, and for filling in otherwise vacant places in the garden, the shrubbery, or the hardy border. Grows about 18 inches high.

Coccinea. Bright dazzling scarlet. Makes a wonderfully attractive bed.

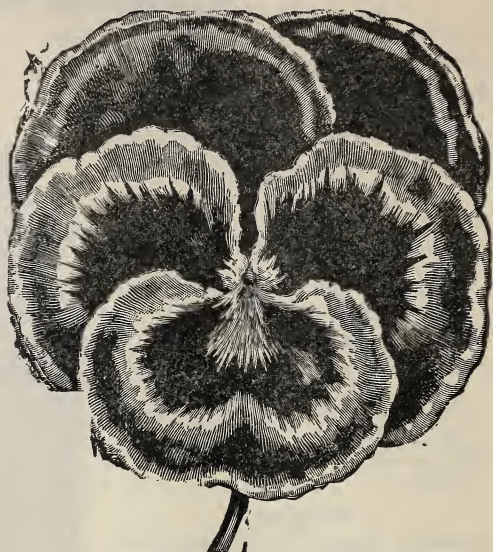
Mixed. Includes many brilliant colors.

PORTULACA. (Sun Plant)

For brilliant coloring, nothing can excel a bed of Portulacas, with its silky flowers glistening in the sunlight. It is very easily grown and no bedding plant equals it for places exposed to the hot sun of mid-summer. It delights in intense heat and dry weather seems to have almost no effect on the plants. The plants are of low growth and spreading in habit, each plant covering a space of about two feet in diameter. The double flowers are like small roses and will make a very brilliant show. Mixed colors.

SALVIA.

Scarlet Sage. 3 to 4 feet in height and about the same across. Bears during summer and fall brilliant fiery scarlet flowers in great profusion. Without question, this is the richest and most impressive red-flowering bedding plant in cultivation. Begins blooming early in July. Whether grown in the border or in solid beds, it always looks attractive.



PANSY

EVERLASTING FLOWERS.

Strawflower. A hardy annual and one of the best of the Everlastings. Grows about 2½ feet high and produces large, double, daisy-like flowers, with prominent centers, which make a fine display in the garden during the summer. When dried, the flowers retain their shape and color for years, and, placed in vases or baskets, without water, make splendid winter bouquets and decorations. Plants succeed in any good garden soil. For drying, cut the flowers when in bud or just before fully open, and hang them, head down, until completely dry.



SALVIA.

ANNUAL FLOWERS—Continued

Globe Amaranth. A very beautiful Ever-lasting that is a native of India. The globe-shaped flowers remind one of Dutch clover. Grows 2 feet high and blooms profusely. A mixture of white, lilac, and bronzy yellow shades.

ZINNIA. (Giant-Flowered Double)

One of the best known and most popular annuals. The Zinnia is prized for its brilliant colors, for the size and perfection of its flowers, and for its sturdy growth. Plants grow four to five feet high, and bear profusely from early summer till late fall, large brilliant flowers of many colors, measuring four inches or more across. One of the very best for cut-flowers and lasts a long time.

Crimson. This is the darkest shade of the Giant Zinnias. Rich crimson. Makes a wonderfully attractive bed.

Mixed. Includes golden yellow, primrose, scarlet, white, purple, flesh-pink, crimson, canary-yellow, and many other fine and rare shades.

CARDINAL CLIMBER.

The most brilliant and beautiful annual climber. A strong, rapid grower, attaining a height of 20 to 30 feet. The leaves are deeply lacinated, resembling those of a fine Japanese Maple. They cover a large surface during the season. The plants bear countless numbers of glowing scarlet flowers about 1½ inches in diameter, in clusters of five to seven blossoms each.

SCABIOSA, ANNUAL. (Mourning Bride)

This is an old favorite and of late years has been greatly improved. The flowers are borne on long, wiry stems. It has a long season of bloom, and is beautiful in the garden and excellent for bouquets. 2 feet.

Double Tall. Mixed color, including white, yellow, pink, scarlet, crimson and maroon.

VERBENA.

Mixed. One of the finest low-growing bedding plants, with a long season of bloom, continuing until after severe frosts. They produce magnificent trusses in a wide range of colors. Few plants produce more flowers for cutting.

HELIOTROPE.

New Hybrids. A splendid strain of giant-flowering. This is one of the finest annuals for cutting, not only because of its beauty, but also because of its delicious and lasting fragrance. Mixed colors.

CELOSIA. (Cockscomb)

Ostrich Plume or Feathered Celosia. One of the most attractive and beautiful flowers grown. The plants are of broad form, from 3 to 4 feet in height. They begin to develop their feathery plumes early in the season, and they grow larger and finer all the time till killed by frost. In pots they last nearly all winter. Each branch or stalk ends in a large pointed head of richly colored bloom which later broadens to a loose, plummy head of the most brilliant color. These showy plumes are so numerous and large that the whole plant is a pyramid of silken and fluffy color, most brilliant and beautiful.

Orange-Red. This is a magnificent shade. A pure and strong color that brings life and warmth into the fall garden.

Golden-Yellow. An intense shade of rich yellow.

Mixed. Including carmine, golden-yellow, orange-red, reddish plum, crimson-scarlet, primrose, lemon, pink and rose.

QUEEN ANNE'S LACE FLOWER.

This beautiful Australian annual grows into an upright, very much branched plant of about 2 feet in height. Each branch ends in an umbel of light sky-blue flowers which spread out in an umbrella-like fashion, crowning each shoot with a beautiful and delicate head of flowers. Each individual bloom in the umbel is carried on a thin and long tube, giving the flower-heads a delicate and dainty touch. The blooms resemble in their quaint and artistic arrangement the most delicate and dainty lace. It is a foremost cut-flower which lasts unusually long in water.

NIGELLA. (Love-in-a-Mist)

This is one of our prettiest old-fashioned annuals. It is odd in every respect and adds beauty and interest to any garden. It will grow well even under adverse weather conditions and withstands much heat and drought. The flowers come in blue and in white, and the thin, moss-like foliage runs close up to the blooms which appear as surrounded by a wreath of mossy fibres. The foliage is thin but very graceful. The large seed-pods are quite ornamental and attractive. Nigella is wonderfully well adapted for mass planting or for making borders, and it is just as good a cut-flower.

Miss Jekyl. 15 inches. The double flowers are a deep rich blue, contrasting well with the dainty light green foliage.

Mixed. Attractive blue and pure white flowers.

ROSES



CLIMBING ROSES.

Crimson Rambler. Most popular out-of-door climber. A rapid producer of long heavy canes, reaching a height of ten to twenty feet in one season. Rich clusters of bloom form a mass of vivid crimson beauty until late in the season. Perfectly hardy.

Dorothy Perkins. Similar to **Crimson Rambler** except in color which is a clear shell pink.

Climbing American Beauty. Rich red, passing to crimson. Same as **American Beauty** in size, color and fragrance, with the addition of the climbing habit. Hardy and a wonderfully free bloomer.

Tausenschoen or Thousand Beauties.

A very beautiful climbing rose. It is a very strong grower, and from early June until well into July, it is literally covered with clusters of decorative semi-double flowers of varied shades of deep to light pink and white. Its bloom is produced in such profusion as to almost cover the handsome pale-green foliage.

White Dorothy Perkins. A sport of the popular **Dorothy Perkins**, and like it in every way except its flowers are white. Free in bloom and with disease-resistant foliage.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

These are among the hardiest of all roses.

They are of vigorous, upright habit, with large leaves and very large, full, double, richly fragrant flowers, which are produced in profusion in June and more sparingly in autumn.

Frau Karl Druschki (White American Beauty). One of the finest, if not the very finest, White Rose ever introduced. Its long buds and magnificent snow-white blooms, with large saucer-shaped petals, are freely produced on strong, robust stems.

Gen. Jacqueminot (Jack Rose). Bright scarlet-crimson. Large, rich, brilliant, velvety, and fragrant.

Jubilee. Practically an "everbloomer." The long, beautiful buds expand into very large double flowers which are velvety crimson. One of the finest.

Magna Charta. Bright rosy-pink; extra large; very free bloomer.

Paul Neyron. The largest of all roses. Clear cherry-rose; very double and full; finely scented; blooms first season and all summer. Grows to a great height in a single season.

Prince Camille De Rohan. Universally known as "The Black Rose," owing to its very deep, velvety crimson color, passing to intense maroon, and shaded black; large, handsome and fragrant blooms.

HARDY EVERBLOOMING ROSES.

This is the most popular class of roses now in cultivation, partly because they surpass all others in rich and varied colors, and partly because of their blooming so continuously from May until autumn.

Alexander Hill Gray. Deep lemon yellow and not inclined to fade out as the bloom expands. The large flowers, of perfect form, are freely produced on strong growing plants.

Etoile De Lyon. Golden yellow and, what is unusual in a yellow rose, it is a healthy, strong grower. Hardy and in all ways a fine sort.

Gruss An Teplitz. Produces in great masses, during the entire summer, clusters of vivid, dazzling, fiery crimson flowers. A strong growing variety, attaining a height of from four to five feet. As a bedding rose it is superb. One of the hardiest sorts.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. A continuous bloomer, producing quantities of snow-white flowers from June until frost.

Maman Cochet. The finest and best pink rose for blooming out-of-doors. The buds are very large, handsome and of pointed form; the flowers are full and fine, flesh-pink with saffron at base of petals. Plant of strong growth, very hardy and a free bloomer (blooming all the time).

Radiance. An American Rose and one of the most gorgeous as yet introduced. The large, finely formed flowers are crimson rose and very brilliant. A free and constant bloomer and a sturdy growing plant.

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Althea or Rose of Sharon. Flowers are of good size, trim and attractive; blooms in September and October. Pink, purple, red, white.

Burning Bush or Strawberry Tree (Euonymus Europeus). Of strong, upright habit. During autumn and winter it is loaded with rosy crimson seed pods, which burst open and partly expose the orange-colored berries within. An old favorite.

Butterfly Bush. A beautiful and very popular shrub. Matures rapidly and will make a handsome bush, the first season. It produces beautiful lilac-colored flowers in profusion, and blossoms the entire summer.

Calycanthus or Sweet Scented Shrub. Its foliage is rich; flowers of a rare chocolate color, with an agreeable odor. Blooms in June and at intervals through the summer.

**BUTTERFLY BUSH**

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS—Continued

Forsythia or Golden Bell. A very early and showy spring bloomer; flowers bright yellow, appearing before the leaves. Very effective for covering steep slopes, walls, fences and arbors.

Golden Elder. One of the most highly-colored and best of yellow-leaved shrubs. The large leaves are a bright lemon yellow, which color they retain remarkably well throughout the summer.



HYDRANGEA

Hydrangea, P. G. One of the most popular hardy shrubs. The immense heads of bloom are cream-color in bud, pure white when fully expanded, changing to pink and bronze with age, and finally to brown when frosted.

Lilac, Purple. Bluish-purple flowers, standard variety.

Lilac, White. Cream colored flowers.

Snowball, Common. A very popular shrub producing its snowy-white sterile flowers in large balls in June.

Snowball, Japan. An erect, compact shrub, blooming in June; completely covered with large balls of flowers that are as white as snow; foliage is dark green.

Tamarix. A strong upright grower, with fine feathery foliage. Small pink flowers. Splendid shrub for seaside planting.

Spirea, Van Houttei. The finest of all the Spireas. In May and June, the bush is covered with white flowers, presenting a beautiful appearance.

Spirea, Anthony Waterer. A dwarf variety of great beauty. Its broad, flat heads of red flowers continue in perfection all summer.

Syringa (Mock Orange). An old variety that remains very popular. Of upright habit and produces in June a wealth of white fragrant flowers that resemble orange blossoms in appearance and color.

Spirea, Prunifolia (Bridal Wreath). In May and early June the branches of this old favorite are laden with masses of dainty, very double, pure white flowers. Its pretty glossy green leaves turn to crimson in autumn.

Weigela, Candida. A choice variety, blooming in great profusion during June and to some extent all summer. Pure white.

Weigela, Rosea. An elegant shrub, with fine rose-colored flowers; of erect compact growth; blossoms in June.

Weigela, Eva Rathke. Flowers brilliant crimson. A very attractive variety. Almost a continuous bloomer.

ORNAMENTAL VINES

Ivy, English. This well-known and favorite vine is useful for covering walls, growing on the trunks of trees, in rock gardening and for carpeting. Owing to its handsome evergreen, glossy foliage, it is much used for covering graves, particularly in shaded situations where grass will not grow.

American Ivy, Virginia Creeper, or Woodbine. A fine rich green in summer, changing to crimson in autumn. Affords shade quickly and is very desirable for covering walls, verandas, or trunks of trees.

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Japan or Boston Ivy). A beautiful, hardy climbing plant of Japanese origin. It grows rapidly and clings with the tenacity of Ivy. The foliage is very handsome green in summer, changing to crimson in autumn. For covering brick and stone structures, walls, etc., no plant is so useful.

Clematis, Paniculata. Single, white. Of extremely rapid growth, with shining green foliage, and a profusion of flowers which are small but borne in large panicles.

ORNAMENTAL VINES—Continued

Clematis, Jackmanii. Large, intense violet purple, and remarkable for its velvety richness; free in growth and abundant and successive bloomer.

Chinese Matrimony Vine. One of the hardiest of climbing vines. Purple flowers and later covered with scarlet berries.

Honeysuckle, Hall's Japan. A strong vigorous grower, almost evergreen, with pure white flowers, turning to yellow; very fragrant; covered with flowers from July to December.

Trumpet Vine (Bignonia Radicans). A strong growing climber which is exceedingly ornamental at all times. It has abundant fern-like foliage and large trumpet-shaped flowers of vivid orange-scarlet, in clusters during July and August. These large clusters of brilliant bloom are very showy and produce a striking effect.

Wistaria, Chinese Purple. One of the most elegant and rapid growing of all climbing plants. Vines grow 15 to 20 feet in a season and produce long,

hanging clusters of pale blue flowers in spring and fall.

HEDGE PLANTS

Barberry Thunbergii. Dwarf growing; foliage, rich bright green which changes to a brilliant red color in autumn. Red berries also appear at that time. It is perfectly hardy, easily transplanted, and free from insects. Very ornamental and as attractive in winter as in summer.

California Privet. A rapid and vigorous grower. It has handsome glossy, oval-shaped leaves which remain on well into the winter. Very popular for ornamental hedges and trimmed specimens.

EVERGREENS

Adirondack Hemlock. One of the most popular and largely planted evergreens. Very hardy, very graceful and beautiful. Will thrive in full exposure or partial shade. Frequently used in planting hedges.

Montour Falls, N. Y.,
Dec. 15, 1922.

Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Hampton Bays, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

Last summer, I bought Pansy plants from different seedsmen to see whose strain I liked best. I will say your varieties gave me the best results. They were admired by all who saw them.

Yours truly,
S. W. STERRETT.

R. D. 1, Delhi, N. Y.,
May 18, 1922.

Mr. Harry L. Squires,
Hampton Bays, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

The strawberry plants arrived in fine shape. I am so pleased with the careful way they were packed. There were three more of each kind than I ordered, and they are all healthy and thrifty. I am so well pleased with them, that I simply must have some of your flower plants also. Thanking you for your courtesy, I remain, a well pleased customer,

MRS. A. F. SNYDER.

PRICE LIST

At the prepaid prices given, stock will be shipped to any part of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia and Ohio. It will be shipped at my option, by mail or express, whichever is least expensive, but when requested, I will send small lots by mail. If you want large lots of plants sent by mail, or if you live in a state not named above and want your plants sent by mail, you can order at the "Not prepaid" prices, and I will send them by mail C. O. D. for the amount of postage, and you can thus pay the postage when you receive the plants. If you want plants shipped this way, be sure and state in your order, "By mail C. O. D. for the postage."

THE PRICES QUOTED ARE FOR THE QUANTITIES SPECIFIED OF A SINGLE VARIETY; BUT SIX, FIFTY, AND FIVE HUNDRED OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SUPPLIED AT THE DOZEN, HUNDRED, AND THOUSAND RATES RESPECTIVELY. LESS THAN SIX OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SOLD AT THE "EACH" RATE ONLY; LESS THAN FIFTY OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SOLD AT THE DOZEN RATE ONLY; AND LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED OF ANY VARIETY WILL BE SOLD AT THE HUNDRED RATE ONLY.

I wish to emphasize that I DO NOT GUARANTEE SAFE DELIVERY, and that ALL STOCK IS SHIPPED AT PURCHASER'S RISK. It will be carefully packed and delivered to the carrier in good condition, but after that, it is beyond my control and my responsibility ceases.

SHIPPING POINTS: Stock will be shipped mostly from Hampton Bays, N. Y. Some will be shipped from other points in New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland.

BERRY PLANTS

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Runner

All Standard Varieties

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	12	100	1000	12	100	1000
For Spring Planting	\$0.30	\$1.40	\$ 9.00	\$0.35	\$1.60	\$ 9.70
For Fall Planting .....	.40	2.25	12.50	.45	2.45	13.20
Progressive, Everbearing						
For Spring Planting .....	.40	2.75	15.00	.45	2.95	15.70
For Fall Planting .....	.45	3.00	17.50	.50	3.20	18.20

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Pot-Grown

Ryckman, Marshall, Chesapeake, Howard, Gandy, Premier, and Early Ozark	1.00	5.90	1.25	6.75
Progressive, Everbearing	1.25	7.50	1.50	8.35

COLLECTIONS OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Runner

Other standard varieties may be selected, if desired.

COLLECTION A. 100 strawberry plants, from very early to very late,—25 each of Early Ozark, Senator Dunlap, Ryckman, and Gandy. For spring planting, \$1.80 not prepaid; \$2.00 prepaid to states named. For fall planting, \$2.60 not prepaid; \$2.80 prepaid to states named.

COLLECTION B. 250 strawberry plants, of the very best flavored varieties,—50 each of Brandywine, Chesapeake, Marshall, Ryckman and William Belt. For spring planting, \$3.25 not prepaid; \$3.65 prepaid to states named. For fall planting, \$5.25 not prepaid; \$5.65 prepaid to states named.

COLLECTION C. 500 strawberry plants of the largest and fanciest varieties,—100 each of Ryckman, Marshall, Howard, Glen Mary and Joe Johnson. For spring planting, \$6.50 not prepaid; \$7.00 prepaid to states named. For fall planting, \$9.75 not prepaid; \$10.25 prepaid to states named.

COLLECTION D. 1500 strawberry plants of the largest, most productive, and most profitable varieties, from very early to very late,—300 each of Early Ozark, Brandywine, Glen Mary, Ryckman, and William Belt. For spring planting, \$17.75 not prepaid; \$18.75 prepaid to states named. For fall planting, \$20.75 not prepaid; \$21.75 prepaid to states named.

	Each	Not 12	Prepaid 100	1000	Each	Prepaid to 12	States 100	Named 1000
RASPBERRY PLANTS								
St. Regis and Cumberland		\$1.00	\$ 4.25	\$ 22.00		\$1.15	\$ 4.55	\$ 22.90
Cuthbert and Columbian		1.25	6.00	30.00		1.40	6.30	30.90
Golden Queen		1.25	7.50			1.40	7.80	35.90
BLACKBERRY PLANTS								
		1.25	6.00	35.00		1.40	6.30	35.90
DEWBERRY PLANTS								
		1.00	4.25	22.00		1.15	4.55	22.90
LOGANBERRY PLANTS								
\$0.25		2.75	20.00		\$0.30	3.00	20.60	
GOOSEBERRY PLANTS								
.30		3.25	18.00		.35	3.50	18.60	
CURRANT PLANTS								
White Grape	.35	3.50	20.00		.40	3.75	20.60	
Wilder	.30	3.25	18.00		.35	3.50	18.60	
GRAPE VINES								
Concord	.25	2.25	12.00	90.00	.30	2.50	12.50	91.00
All other varieties	.30	3.00	18.00	140.00	.35	3.25	18.50	141.00

GARDEN ROOTS AND HERBS

	Each	Not 12	Prepaid 100	1000		Prepaid to Each 12	States 100	Named 1000
ASPARAGUS ROOTS, 1 year								
Palmetto and Giant Argenteuil		\$0.35	\$ 1.50	\$ 9.50		\$0.40	\$ 1.70	\$ 10.15
Washington		.45	2.50	15.50		.50	2.70	14.15
ASPARAGUS ROOTS, 2 years								
Palmetto and Giant Argenteuil		.45	2.75	14.50		.55	3.00	15.40
ASPARAGUS ROOTS, 3 years								
Palmetto		.60	3.75	25.00		.70	4.00	26.00
ASAPARAGUS ROOTS, Large								
Selected 2 and 3 years								
Palmetto		1.00	4.75	30.00		1.15	5.00	31.00
ASPARAGUS ROOTS, 10 years								
Will produce crop this year								
Palmetto		1.50	8.00			1.75	8.90	
RHUBARB ROOTS								
Garden Size \$0.20		1.75	8.00	60.00	\$0.25	2.00	8.75	
Large Selected								
		.30	2.75	15.00	.35	3.10	15.90	
HORSERADISH ROOTS								
		.50	2.25	12.75		.60	2.50	13.25
WITLOOF CHICORY ROOTS								
		.75	3.00	25.00		.90	3.75	26.50

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
HOP ROOTS	.20	1.75	9.00	.25	1.85	9.25
MINT PLANTS	.10	.75	5.00	.15	.90	5.25
SAGE PLANTS	.10	.75	5.00	.15	.90	5.25
THYME PLANTS	.10	.75	5.00	.15	.90	5.25
SWEET LAVENDER PLANTS	.20	1.75	9.00	.25	2.00	9.40
SWEET ROSEMARY PLANTS	.15	1.25	7.00	.20	1.50	7.40
SWEET MARJORAM PLANTS	.10	.75	5.00	.15	.90	5.25

VEGETABLE PLANTS

From successive plantings of seed, I shall have plants of the varieties named below, ready to ship at any time until late in the summer.

BEET PLANTS, Early Eclipse

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	12	100	1000	12	100	1000
Ready about Apr. 15	\$0.15	\$1.00	\$ 5.90	\$0.20	\$1.15	\$ 6.50
Ready about May 25 .....	.10	.75	3.90	.15	.90	4.50

BRUSSELS SPROUTS PLANTS, Long Island Improved

Ready about Apr. 15 .....	.30	1.35	7.00	.35	1.50	7.60
Ready about May 25 .....	.20	1.00	5.50	.25	1.15	6.10

CAULIFLOWER PLANTS, Early Snowball

Ready about Apr. 15 .....	.30	1.50	8.75	.35	1.65	9.35
Ready about May 25 .....	.25	1.00	5.50	.30	1.15	6.10

CABBAGE PLANTS, Early Jersey Wakefield, Copenhagen Market, Surehead, Danish Ballhead, Late Flat Dutch, Savoy and Red

Ready about Apr. 15 .....	.25	1.00	6.00	.30	1.15	6.60
Ready about May 25 .....	.15	.75	3.50	.20	.90	4.10

CELERY PLANTS, Golden Self Blanching, White Plume, Giant Pascal, and Winter Queen

Ready early in May .....	.25	1.10	6.75	.30	1.25	7.25
Ready about June 25 .....	.20	.90	4.75	.25	1.05	5.25

EGG PLANTS, Black Beauty and N. Y. Improved Spineless

Ready early in May45	2.00	11.90	.50	2.15	12.50
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KALE PLANTS, Dwarf Green Curled

Ready about May 2525	.90	4.00	.30	1.05	4.60
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LEEK PLANTS

Ready about April 1520	1.00	6.00	.25	1.15	6.50
Ready about May 2515	.75	4.00	.20	.90	4.50

LETTUCE PLANTS, Grand Rapids and Big Boston

Ready about Apr. 10 .....	.20	1.00	6.00	.25	1.15	6.50
Ready about May 2515	.75	3.25	.20	.90	3.75

MANGEL WURZEL PLANTS, Mammoth Long Red

Ready about May 2575	3.50		.90	4.10	
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ONION PLANTS, Prizetaker

Ready about April 1520	1.00	6.00	.25	1.10	6.40
Ready about May 2515	.75	3.00	.20	.85	3.40

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	12	100	1000	12	100	1000
PARSLEY PLANTS, Double Curled						
Ready about April 15 .....	.25	1.00	6.00	.30	1.15	6.50
PEPPER PLANTS, Chinese Giant (Sweet),						
Ruby King (Sweet), Long Red Cayenne (Hot)						
Ready early in May .....	.45	1.85	10.90	.50	2.00	11.50
SPINACH PLANTS, New Zealand						
Ready about May 25 .....	.20	.90	5.00	.25	1.05	5.60
SWEET POTATO PLANTS, Yellow Jersey and Red Jersey						
Ready about May 10 .....	.25	1.00	4.65	.30	1.15	5.10
SWISS CHARD PLANTS						
Ready about May 25 .....	.20	.75	3.50	.25	.90	4.10
TOMATO PLANTS, Bonny Best, Earliana, Chalk's Early Jewel,						
Stone, Ponderosa, Matchless, and John Baer						
Ready about April 20 .....	.25	1.50	8.50	.30	1.65	9.00
Ready about June 10 .....	.20	.80	4.00	.25	.95	4.50
BURBANK TOMATO PLANTS. This is Luther Burbank's wonderful early tomato. By far the earliest, smoothest, largest, most productive and best of all early tomatoes. Bears until late in the fall.						
Ready about April 20 .....	.40	2.00	12.00	.45	2.15	12.50
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.00	6.00	.30	1.15	6.50

FLOWER PLANTS

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS

The following will be ready all during the spring, summer and fall:

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
ACHILLEA	\$0.15	\$1.25	\$ 9.00	\$0.20	\$1.40	\$ 9.50
ALYSSUM .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
ANCHUSA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
ANTHEMIS .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
COLUMBINE (Aquilegia) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
ENGLISH DAISY (Bellis) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
BOCCONIA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
CANTERBURY BELLS .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
CENTAUREA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
CHRYSANTHEMUM .....	.20	2.25	15.00	.25	2.40	15.50
COREOPSIS .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
DELPHINIUM .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
BLEEDING HEART (Dicentra) .....	.30	3.00	25.00	.35	3.15	25.50
FOXGLOVE (Digitalis) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
GAILLARDIA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
GYPSOPHILA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
HIBISCUS (Giant Mallow Marvels) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
DAY LILY (Hemerocallis) .....	.20	2.25	15.00	.25	2.40	15.50
HOLLYHOCK .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
IRIS .....	.20	2.25	15.00	.25	2.40	15.50
GOLDEN GLOW .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
LATHYRUS (Hardy Pea) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
LILY OF THE VALLEY .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
LUPINE (Lupinus) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
PEONY .....	.50	5.00		.55	5.25	
PHLOX .....	.20	2.25	15.00	.25	2.40	15.50
PHYSOSTEGIA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERS—Continued

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
PINK (<i>Dianthus Plumaris</i>) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
ORIENTAL POPPY .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
ICELAND POPPY .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
PYRETHRUM .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
CALIFORNIA BLUE SAGE, (Hardy Salvia) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
SHASTA DAISY .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
SWEET WILLIAM .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
TRITOMA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
WALLFLOWER .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
YUCCA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
RUDBECKIA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50

The following will be ready from about July 15 until the ground freezes:

CARNATION, Hardy .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
CAMPANULA (Bellflower) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
EUPATORIUM .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
ANEMONE .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
PLATYCODON .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
BAPTISTIA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
GEUM .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
HONESTY .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
HELENIUM .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
HELIANTHUS .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
LYCHNIS .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
PENSTEMON .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
MONARDA, (Bergamot) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
PARDANTHUS .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
SCABIOSA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
STATICE (Sea Lavender) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
STOKESIA (Stokes Aster) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
VERONICA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
VALERIAN, (Valeriana) .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50
VIOLA .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.20	1.40	9.50

FLOWER BULBS

DAHLIA	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
C. W. Bruton	\$0.25	\$2.75		\$0.30	\$2.90	
Oregon Beauty .....	.25	2.75		.30	2.90	
Pink Pearl .....	.25	2.75		.30	2.90	
Souvenir de Gustav Doazon....	.25	2.75		.30	2.90	
Mrs. Chas. Turner .....	.25	2.75		.30	2.90	
Floral Park Jewel .....	.25	2.75		.30	2.90	
Mixed, including the above and other choice varieties .....	.15	1.50		.20	1.65	
George Walters	1.00	10.00		1.05	10.15	
Tom Lundy	1.00	10.00		1.05	10.15	
Pierrot .....	.80	8.00		.85	8.15	
D. M. Moore .....	.50	5.00		.55	5.15	
Bianca .....	.90	9.00		.95	9.15	
Le Grand Manitou .....	.40	4.00		.45	4.15	
Madonna .....	.40	4.00		.45	4.15	
Yellow King .....	.70	7.00		.75	7.15	
Attraction .....	.85	8.50		.90	8.65	
Mina Burgle .....	.45	4.50		.50	4.65	

FLOWER BULBS—Continued

GLADIOLUS	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
America .....	.12	1.00	6.00	.15	1.10	6.25
Empress of India .....	.15	1.25	9.00	.18	1.35	9.25
Halley .....	.15	1.10	6.75	.18	1.20	7.00
Mrs. Watt .....	.17	1.40	10.00	.20	1.50	10.25
Niagara .....	.15	1.25	8.00	.18	1.35	8.25
Schwaben .....	.17	1.40	10.00	.20	1.50	10.25
War .....	.20	1.75	12.00	.23	1.85	12.85
Mixed, including many very choice varieties .....	.10	.90	5.00	.13	1.00	5.25
CANNA .....	.20	2.25	10.00	.25	2.40	10.50
BEGONIA, Tuberous-Rooted .....	.35	3.50		.40	3.65	
TULIP .....		.80	4.50		.85	4.75
HYACINTH		1.10	6.00		1.20	6.25
NARCISSUS .....		.80	4.50		.85	4.75
CROCUS .....		.35	2.50		.40	2.60

ANNUAL FLOWERS

ASTER	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	12	100	1000	12	100	1000
Ready about May 1	\$0.40	\$2.50	\$12.00	\$0.45	\$2.70	\$12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
AGERATUM						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
CALENDULA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
CARDINAL CLIMBER						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
CELOSIA, Ostrich Plume						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
COSMOS						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
EVERLASTING FLOWERS						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
FIREBUSH or KOCHIA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
HELIOTROPE						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
LARKSPUR						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
NIGELLA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60

ANNUAL FLOWERS—Continued

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	12	100	1000	12	100	1000
PANSY						
Ready about March 25 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
PETUNIA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
PHLOX, Annual						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
PORTULACA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
QUEEN ANNE'S LACE FLOWER						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
SNAPDRAGON						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.75	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
SCABIOSA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
SALVIA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.60	3.00	15.00	.65	3.20	15.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
VERBENA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60
ZINNIA						
Ready about May 1 .....	.40	2.50	12.00	.45	2.70	12.60
Ready about June 10 .....	.25	1.50	7.00	.30	1.70	7.60

POTTED FLOWER PLANTS

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
BEGONIA, Tuberous-Rooted	\$0.45	\$4.75		\$0.55	\$5.00	
GERANIUM .....	.25	2.75		.30	3.00	

ROSES

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
CLIMBING ROSES, 2 years	\$0.65	\$6.50	\$50.00	\$0.75	\$6.75	\$50.75
HARDY EVERBLOOMING ROSES, 2 yrs.	1.00	10.00	75.00	1.10	10.25	75.75

HEDGE PLANTS

2 yrs.	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
PRIVET, California						
18 to 24 inches		\$1.00	\$ 6.00		\$1.15	\$ 6.60
BARBERRY, Thunbergii (Japanese)						
8 to 12 inches		1.25	9.00		1.35	9.60
12 to 18 inches		3.50	24.00		3.75	24.70

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
ROSE OF SHARON or ALTHEA..	\$0.50	\$5.50	\$40.00	\$0.60	\$5.90	\$40.90
BURNING BUSH or STRAWBERRY TREE .....	.65	6.50	50.00	.75	6.90	50.90
BUTTERFLY BUSH or BUDDLEIA..	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
CALYCANTHUS or SWEET SCENTED SHRUB .....	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
FORSYTHIA or GOLDEN BELL...	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
GOLDEN ELDER .....	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
HYDRANGEA .....	.60	6.00	45.00	.70	6.40	45.90
LILAC .....	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
SNOWBALL, Common .....	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
SNOWBALL, Japan .....	.60	6.00	45.00	.70	6.40	45.90
TAMARIX or TAMARISK .....	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
SYRINGA .....	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
SPIREA .....	.50	5.50	40.00	.60	5.90	40.90
WEIGELA .....	.60	6.00	45.00	.70	6.40	45.90

ORNAMENTAL VINES

	Not Prepaid			Prepaid to States Named		
	Each	12	100	Each	12	100
AMERICAN IVY, VIRGINIA CREEP- ER, or WOODBINE	\$0.30	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$0.40	\$3.25	\$23.50
BOSTON or JAPANESE IVY, (Am- pelopsis Veitchii) .....	.30	3.00	23.00	.40	3.25	23.50
CLEMATIS, Paniculata .....	.40	4.00	35.00	.50	4.25	35.50
CLEMATIS, Jackmanii .....	.90	9.50		1.00	9.75	
IVY, English .....	.35	3.50	25.00	.45	3.75	25.50
HONEYSUCKLE, Hall's Japanese...	.30	3.00	23.00	.40	3.25	23.50
TRUMPET VINE (Bignonia) .....	.40	4.00	35.00	.50	4.25	35.50
WISTARIA .....	.65	6.50	50.00	.75	6.75	50.50

No. 1930

STATE OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF FARMS AND MARKETS

Byrne A. Pyrke, Commissioner

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION OF NURSERY STOCK

This is to Certify that the nursery stock of Harry L. Squires, of Hampton Bays, County of Suffolk, State of New York, was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Article 14 of the Farms and Markets Law, and was found to be apparently free from any contagious or infectious disease or diseases, or the San Jose Scale or other dangerously injurious insect pest or pests. This certificate expires September 1, 1923.

Dated Albany, N. Y., September 12, 1922.

BYRNE A. PYRKE, Commissioner,

By Geo. E. Atwood, Director Bureau of Plant Industry.



Hardy Perennial and Annual Flower Plants



TRITOMA

DELPHINIUM

HARRY L. SQUIRES, Hampton Bays, N. Y.